## Financial Management Chapter 17.1

# What You Will Learn...

- Purpose of a financial plan
  6 reasons for creating a financial plan
- Budgets
  - What are they?
  - Why are they used?

### Discuss...

- Why do you think it is important for businesses to keep track of their money?
- All business decisions must reflect profitability:
  - Developing new products/expanding
  - Maintaining operations
  - Hiring/firing employees
- Always know your financial situation!



# What is a Financial Plan?

• Financial plan: Set of documents that outline the <u>essential financial facts</u> about a new venture





## **Financial Plans**

- Use a financial plan when starting:
  - A new venture
  - A new project
- <u>Roadmap</u> to the future
- Used to <u>attract investors</u>



# **Effective Financial Plans**

- I. Identify Business <u>Assets</u>
- 2. Determine Needed Capital
- 3. Describe <u>Start-up & Operating</u> Expenses
- 4. Describe Financial <u>Records</u> Management
- 5. Forecast <u>Future</u> Finances
- 6. Describe <u>Growth</u> Financing

# **Identifying Business Assets**

- Assets needed for the business or project:
  - Cash, equipment, building, supplies, inventory, and land
- Analyze and <u>compare prices</u>
- Make careful decisions:
  - Buy new or used?
  - Rent or buy?

# **Determine Needed Capital**

- Start-up capital: Money used to pay for various <u>assets</u> and <u>expenses</u> for a new venture or project
- What are some sources to obtain this?
  - Friends, family, & self
  - Savings, Ioans, & investments



## Describe Start-up & Operating Expenses

 Start-up Expenses: Require <u>large</u> <u>amount of cash</u>

 Assets, remodeling costs, insurance, advertising, supplies, licenses

• Operating Expenses:

• Payroll, rent, utility bills, bank fees

## Describe Financial Records Management

- Financial plans explain how a <u>business will</u> <u>manage records</u>
- Describes <u>who</u> will maintain records:
  - Business owner?
  - Hired professionals?



## Forecast Future Finances

- Financial forecast: <u>Estimate</u> of a business's <u>financial outlook</u> for each of the next few years
- Consider:
  - Conditions in the future
  - Changes in the economy
- Keep estimates for income <u>LOW</u>
- Keep estimates for expenses <u>HIGH</u>

# **Describe Growth Financing**

- Explain plans for financial growth
- Every company needs to grow to remain <u>competitive</u>
- <u>Planned</u> growth is very rewarding
- <u>Unplanned</u> growth can be chaotic



# What is a Budget?

- Budget: Plan specifying how money will be used or spent during a particular period
- Helps owners <u>predict</u> how much money the business will <u>need</u>
- Avoid problems by:
  - Comparing budget to actual income and expenses

# 3 Types of Budgets:

- I. Start-up Budget
  - Plan for income and expenses from the start to the estimated time you will make a profit

#### 2. Cash Budget

 Plan for actual money spent daily, weekly, or monthly

#### 3. Operating Budget

 Plan for the amount expected to be spent and earned over a given time (6mths-year)



## Recap...

- Purpose of a financial plan?
  - Outline of essential financial facts and used as a guide/roadmap
- What does an effective financial plan do?
  - . Identifies assets
  - 2. Determines needed capital
  - 3. Describes start-up and operating expenses
  - 4. Describes records management
  - 5. Forecasts the future
  - 6. Describes growth



### Resources

- Textbook (Teacher-Edition): Brown, B. J., & Clow, J. E. (2008). Introduction to business.
   Woodland Hills, CA: The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- Google Images